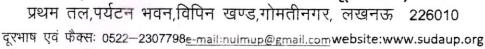


राज्य शहरी आजीविका मिशन(एस०यू०एत०एम०) उ०प्र०

(राज्य नगरीय विकास अभिकरण,-सूडा उ.प्र.)





पत्रांक 466 /241/hulm/तीन/2001(एसईपी)

दिनांक 9 - 8 - 2017

सेवा में,

समस्त जिलाधिकारी / अध्यक्ष,
जिला नगरीय विकास अभिकरण, उ०प्र०।

 समस्त परियोजना निदेशक / सिटी प्रोजेक्ट आफिसर, जिला नगरीय विकास अभिकरण / शहर मिशन प्रबन्धन इकाई, उ०प्र०।

विषय दीनदयाल अन्तोदय योजना—राष्ट्रीय शहरी आजीविका मिशन (DAY-NULM) के अन्तर्गत स्वरोजगार कार्यक्रम (एस०ई०पी०) के उपघटक स्वयं सहायता समूह / बैंक लिंकेज / सम्पर्क सूत्र के संबंध में।

महोदया / महोदय,

शहरी गरीबों को सुदृढ आधारभूत बुनियादी सुविधाओं को उपलब्ध कराने हेतु दीनदयाल अन्तोदय योजना—राष्ट्रीय शहरी आजीविका मिशन (DAY-NULM) के अन्तर्गत स्वरोजगार कार्यक्रम (एस०ई०पी०) के उपघटक स्वयं सहायता समूहों का गठन कराकर उनकों बैंक लिंकेज से ऋण उपलब्ध कराकर, उनके जीवन स्तर को सुधारने के लिए, तथा उनको समाज की मुख्य धारा से जोडने एवं आर्थिक विषमता को दूर करने के लिए योजनायें चलाई जा रही है। तत्क्रम में भारत सरकार द्वारा अनेकों दिशा—निर्देश जारी किये गये है। उपरोक्त धटक के उपघटकों में आ रही कठिनाइयों को दूर करने के लिए भारत सरकार द्वारा पत्र संख्या—के—14012/15/2016—यूपीए/ एफटीएस—16320, दिनांक 22 अगस्त,2016 में विस्तृत दिशा निर्देश जारी किये गये हैं। समय—समय पर इस कार्यालय द्वारा संबंधित दिशा—निर्देशों को आपको तथा बैंकों को भेजे गये हैं। भारत सरकार द्वारा जारी निर्देशों के अन्तर्गत समस्त स्वयं सहायता समूहों को जो बैंक से ऋण लेंगे 07 प्रतिशत से अधिक ब्याज वाले ऋणें पर अनुदान दिये जाने का प्राविधान है। इसके अतिरिक्त सभी शहरों में 03 प्रतिशत की अतिरिक्त ब्याज अनुदान उन सभी महिला स्वयं सहायता समूहों को प्रदान किये जाने का प्राविधान है जो अपने ऋण की अदायगी समय से करेगी। वित्तीय वर्ष 2017—18 के प्रथम त्रैमास में इस उपघटक की प्रगति बहुत ही खराब रही है। त्रैमासिक लक्ष्य 3133 के विपरीत 1693 की लक्ष्य प्राप्ति हुई है। इस प्रगति पर मुख्य सचिव महोदय द्वारा अप्रसन्तता व्यक्त की गयी है।

समीक्षा बैठक में यह पाया गया कि उक्त नियमों / निर्देशों की जानकारी संबंधित बैंक प्रबन्धकों को नहीं है। परिणामस्वरूप लक्ष्य की प्राप्ति में किठनाइयों का सामना करना पड़ रहा है। उक्त किठनाईयों को दूर करने हेतु भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक पत्र संख्या—आर0बी0आई0 / 2017—18 / 11 दिनांक 03.07.2017 द्वारा स्वयं सहायता समूहों के बैंक लिंकेज कार्यक्रम के विषय में विस्तृत मार्ग दर्शक सिद्धान्त, सभी कामर्सियल बैंक को जारी किये है। भारतीय रिजर्ब बैंक द्वारा जारी निर्देशों के अनुरूप— (1) बैंकों को बैंक लिंकेज कार्यक्रम को व्यावसायिक अवसर के रूप में अपने कार्यक्रम में सिमालित करना चाहिए। (2) बैंकों को चाहिए कि वह स्वयं सहायता समूहों को धनराशि ऋण के रूप में देने की योजना मुख्य रूप से अपने कार्यक्रम में सिमालित करें तथा प्रत्येक स्तर पर इसका अनुपालन सुनिश्चित कराए। (3) अभिलेखीयकरण का कार्य साधारण तथा सरल करायें। भारतीय रिजर्ब बैंक का उक्त पत्र दिनांक 03.07.2017 पत्र के साथ संलग्न है।

अतः अनुरोध है कि जिला स्तरीय बैंकर्स समिति (डीoएलoबीoसीo) की बैठक में भारतीय रिजर्ब बैंक के उक्त दिशा—निर्देशों का पालन करने हेतु संबंधित को निर्देशित करने का कष्ट करें जिससे बैंकों से अपेक्षित सहयोग प्राप्त हो सके।

संलग्नक-यथोक्त

(शैलेन्द्र कुमार सिंह) मिशन निदेशक

पत्रांक एवं दिनांक तदैव

प्रतिलिपि निम्नलिखित को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु :-

1. राज्य स्तरीय बैंक समिति (एस०एल०बी०सी०) बैंक आफ बडौदा, बडौदा आउस, गोमतीनगर को भारतीय रिजर्ब बैंक का उक्त पत्र दिनांक 03.07.2017 की प्रति संलग्न करते हुए अनुरोध है कि अपने स्तर से समस्त बैंकर्स को अपेक्षित सहयोग प्रदान करने हेतु निर्देश निर्गत करने का कष्ट करें।

2. समस्त संबंधित परियोजना अधिकारी / सहायक परियोजना अधिकारी, डूडा को अनुपालनार्थ।

3. समस्त संबंधित शहर मिशन प्रबन्धक, शहर मिशन प्रबन्धन इकाई, उ०प्र०।

4. सहायक वेबमास्टर, सूडा उ०प्र० को वेबसाइट पर अपलोड हेतु।

(शैलेन्द्र कुमार सिंह) मिशन निदेशक



भारतीय रिज़र्व बैंक RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

www.rbl.org.in

RBI/2017-18/11

FIDD.FID.BC.No.02/12.01.033/2017-18

July 03, 2017

The Chairman/ Managing Director/ Chief Executive Officer All Scheduled Commercial Banks

Madam/ Dear Sir

Master Circular on SHG-Bank Linkage Programme

The Reserve Bank of India has, from time to time, issued a number of guidelines/instructions to banks on SHG-Bank Linkage Programme. In order to enable the banks to have instructions at one place, the Master Circular incorporating the existing guidelines/instructions on the subject has been updated and enclosed. This Master Circular consolidates the circulars issued by Reserve Bank on the subject up to June 30, 2017, as indicated in the Appendix.

Yours faithfully

(Uma Shankar) Chief General Manager-in-Charge

Encl: As above

बित्तीय समावेदाम और विकास विधाग,केंद्रीय कार्यातम, 10वीं मंजित,केंद्रीय कार्यातम अवन,शहीव अगत सिंह मार्ग,पो.बा.सं.10014,मुंबई 400 001 टेलीपोन:Tel: 022-22601000 गैक्स Fax: 91-22-22621011/22818048 हंगेल E-mail: egmiolidd@rbi.org.in Financial inclusion and Development Department,Central Office,10th Floor,Central Office Building,Shahid Bhagat Singh Marg,P.Box No.18014, Mumbal 400001

हिंदी आसान है, इसका प्रयोग बढ़ाइए

चेतावनी: रिज़र्व बैंग द्वारा ई-मेल, डाक, एभएमएस या फोम कॉल के जरिए किसी की भी त्यक्तियन जानकारी जैसे बैंक के खाते का स्थीस, पासवर्ड आदि नहीं मांगी जाती हैं। यह धन रखने या देने का ग्रस्ताव भी नहीं करता है। ऐसे प्रस्तायों का किसी भी तरीके से जवाब गत दीजिए। Caution: RBI never sends mails, SMSs or makes calls asking for personal information like bank account details, passwords etc. It never keeps or offers funds to anyone. Please do not respond in any manner to such offers.

Master Circular on SHG-Bank Linkage Programme

- 1. Despite the vast expansion of the formal credit system in the country, dependence of the rural poor on moneylenders somehow continued in many areas, especially for meeting unforeseen requirements. Such dependence was pronounced in the case of marginal farmers, landless labourers, petty traders and rural artisans belonging to socially and economically backward classes and tribes whose propensity to save is limited or too small to be mopped up by the banks. For various reasons, credit to these sections of the population has not been institutionalized to the extent desired. Studies conducted by NABARD, APRACA and ILO on the informal groups promoted by Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) brought out that Self-Help Savings and Credit Groups had the potential to bring together the formal banking structure and the rural poor for mutual benefit and that their working had been encouraging.
- 2. Accordingly, NABARD launched a pilot project to cover Self-Help Groups (3HGs) promoted by Non-Governmental Organizations, banks and other agencies and supported it by way of refinance. The quick studies conducted by NABARD in a few states to assess the impact of the linkage project brought out encouraging and positive features like increase in loan volume of the SHGs, definite shift in the loaning pattern of the members from non-income generating activities to production activities, nearly 100 per cent recovery performance, significant reduction in the transaction costs for both the banks and the borrowers etc., besides leading to a gradual increase in the income level of the SHG members. Another significant feature observed in the linkage project was that about 85 per cent of the groups linked with banks were formed exclusively by women.
- 3. With a view to studying the functioning of SHGs and NGOs for expanding their activities and deepening their role in the rural sector, in November 1994, RBI constituted a Working Group comprising eminent NGO functionaries, academicians, consultants and bankers, under the Chairmanship of Shri S K Kalia, the then Managing Director, NABARD. The Working Group was of the view that linking of SHGs with banks is a cost effective, transparent and flexible approach to improve the accessibility of credit from

the formal banking system to the unreached rural poor, which is expected to offer the much needed solution to the twin problems being faced by the banks, viz. recovery of loans in the rural areas and the high transaction costs in dealing with small borrowers at frequent intervals. The Group, therefore, felt that the thrust of the policy should be to encourage the formation of SHGs and linking them with banks, and in this regard, banks have a major role to play. The Working Group also recommended that banks should treat the linkage programme as a business opportunity and they may design area and group specific loan packages, taking into account *inter alia* the potential, local needs, available talent/skills etc.

- 4. Linking of SHGs with banks has been emphasized in the Monetary Policy Statements of Reserve Bank of India and Union Budget announcements from time to time and various guidelines have been issued to banks in this regard. To scale up the SHGs linkage programme and make it sustainable, banks were advised that they may consider lending to SHGs as part of their mainstream credit operations, both at policy and implementation level. They may include SHG linkage in their corporate strategy/plan, training curriculum of their officers and staff and implement it as a regular business activity and monitor and review it periodically.
- 5. Separate Segment under priority sector: In order to enable the banks to report their SHG lending without difficulty, it was decided that the banks should report their lending to SHGs for on-lending to members of SHGs under the respective categories, viz. 'Advances to SHGs' irrespective of the purposes for which the members of SHGs have been disbursed loans. Lending to SHGs should be included by the banks as part of their lending to the weaker sections.
- 6. Opening of Savings Bank A/c: The SHGs, registered or unregistered, which are engaged in promoting savings habits among their members would be eligible to open savings bank accounts with banks. These SHGs need not necessarily have already availed of credit facilities from banks before opening savings bank accounts. KYC verification of all the members of SHG shall not be required while opening the savings bank account of the SHG as KYC verification of all the office bearers shall suffice. No

separate KYC verification of the members or office bearers shall be necessary at the time of credit linking of SHGs.

- 7. SHG lending to be a part of planning process: Bank lending to SHGs should be included in branch credit plan, block credit plan, district credit plan and state credit plan of each bank. While no target is being prescribed under SHG bank linkage programme, utmost priority should be accorded to the sector in preparation of these plans. It should also form an integral part of the bank's corporate credit plan.
- 8. Margin and Security Norms: As per operational guidelines issued by NABARD, SHGs may be sanctioned savings linked loans by banks (varying from a saving to loan ratio of 1:1 to 1:4). However, in case of matured SHGs, loans may be given beyond the limit of four times the savings as per the discretion of the bank.
- 9. **Documentation:** A simple system requiring minimum procedures and documentation is a precondition for augmenting flow of credit to SHGs. Banks should strive to remove all operational irritants and make arrangements to expeditiously sanction and disburse credit by delegating adequate sanctioning powers to branch managers. The loan application forms, procedures and documents should be made simple. It would help in providing prompt and hassle-free credit.
- 10. Presence of defaulters in SHGs: Defaults by a few members of SHGs and/or their family members to the financing bank should not ordinarily come in the way of financing SHGs per se by banks, provided the SHG is not in default. However, the bank loan may not be utilized by the SHG for financing a defaulter member to the bank.
- 11. Capacity Building and Training: Banks may initiate suitable steps to internalize the SHGs linkage project and organize exclusive short duration programmes for the field level functionaries. In addition, sultable awareness/sensitization programmes may be conducted for their middle level controlling officers as well as senior officers.
- 12. Monitoring and Review of SHG Lending: Having regard to the potential of SHGs, banks may have to closely monitor the progress regularly at various levels. In order to give a boost to the ongoing SHG bank linkage programme for credit flow to the

unorganized sector, banks were advised in January 2004 that monitoring of SHG bank linkage programme may be made a regular item on the agenda for discussion at the SLBC and DCC meetings. It should be reviewed at the highest corporate level on a quarterly basis. Further, progress of the programme may be reviewed by banks at intervals. A progress report, as prescribed vide circular FIDD.FID.BC.No.56/12.01.033/2014-15 dated May 21, 2015, may be sent to NABARD (Micro Credit Innovations Department), Mumbai, on a half-yearly basis, as on 30 September and 31 March each year so as to reach within 30 days of the half-year to which the report relates.

- 13. Encourage SHG Linkage: Banks should provide adequate incentives to their branches in financing the Self Help Groups (SHGs) and establish linkages with them, making the procedures simple and easy. The group dynamics of working of the SHGs need neither be regulated nor formal structures imposed or insisted upon. The approach to financing of SHGs should be totally hassle-free and may also include consumption expenditures.
- 14. Interest rates: The banks would have the discretion to decide on the interest rates applicable to loans given to Self Help Groups/member beneficiaries.
- 15. Service/ Processing charges: No loan related and ad hoc service charges/inspection charges should be levied on priority sector loans up to ₹ 25,000. In the case of eligible priority sector loans to SHGs/ JLGs, this limit will be applicable per member and not to the group as a whole.
- 16. Total Financial Inclusion and Credit Requirement of SHGs: Banks have been advised to meet the entire credit requirements of SHG members, as envisaged in Paragraph 93 of the Union Budget announcement for the year 2008-09, made by the Honourable Finance Minister, wherein it was stated as under: "Banks will be encouraged to embrace the concept of Total Financial Inclusion. Government will request all scheduled commercial banks to follow the example set by some public sector banks and meet the entire credit requirements of SHG members, namely, (a)

income generation activities, (b) social needs like housing, education, marriage, etc. and (c) debt swapping".

Appendix

List of Circulars consolidated in the Master Circular

Sr. No.	Circular No.	Date	Subject
1.	RPCD.No.Plan.BC.13/PL-09.22/91/92	July 24,1991	Improving Access of Rural poor to Banking-Role of Intervening Agencies- Self Help Groups
2.	RPCD.No.PL.BC.120/04.09.22/95-96	April 2,1996	Linking of Self Help Groups with banks- Working Group on NGOs and SHGs-recommendations—Follow up
3.	DBOD.DIR.BC.11/13.01.08/98	February 10, 1998	Opening of Savings bank accounts in the name of Self Help Groups(SHGs)
4.	RPCD.PLBC/12/04.09 22/98-99	July 24, 1998	Linking of Self Help Groups with Banks
5.	RPCD.No.PLAN.BC.94/04.09.01/98-99	April 24,1999	Loans to Micro Credit Organizations- Rates of Interest
6.	RPCD.PL.BC.28/04.09.22/99-2000	September 30, 1999	Credit delivery through Micro Credit Organizations/ Self Help Groups
7.	RPCD.No.PL.BC.62/04.09.01/99-2000	February 18, 2000	Micro credit
8.	RPCD.No.Plan.BC.42/04.09.22/2003-04	November 03, 2003	Micro Finance
9.	RPCD No.Plan.BC.61/04.09.22/2003-04	January 09, 2004	Credit flow to the unorganized sector
10.	RBI/385/2004-05, RPCD.No.Plan.BC.84/04.09,22/2004-05	March 03, 2005	Submitting progress report under micro credit
11.	RBI/2006-07/441 RPCD.CO.MFFI.BC.No.103/12.01.01/2006-07	June 20, 2007	Microfinance-Submission of progress reports
12.	RPCD.MFFI.BC.No.56/12.01.001/2007-08	April 15, 2008	Total Financial inclusion and Credit Requirement of SHGs.
13.	DBOD.AML.BC.No.87/14.01.001/2012-13	March 28, 2013	Know Your Customer Norms/Anti- Money Laundering Standards/ Combating of Financing of Terrorism/Obligation of banks under Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 – Simplifying norms for Self Help Groups
14	FIDD.FID.BC.No.56/12.01.033/2014-15	May 21, 2015	SHG-Bank Linkage Programme – Revision of progress reports
15	Master Direction	February 25,	Master Direction - Know Your
	DBR.AML.BC.No.81/14.01.001/2015-16	2016	Customer (KYC) Direction, 2016